Fishes of Guilford Courthouse National Military Park

Creek chubs, a common

8 inches long were found,

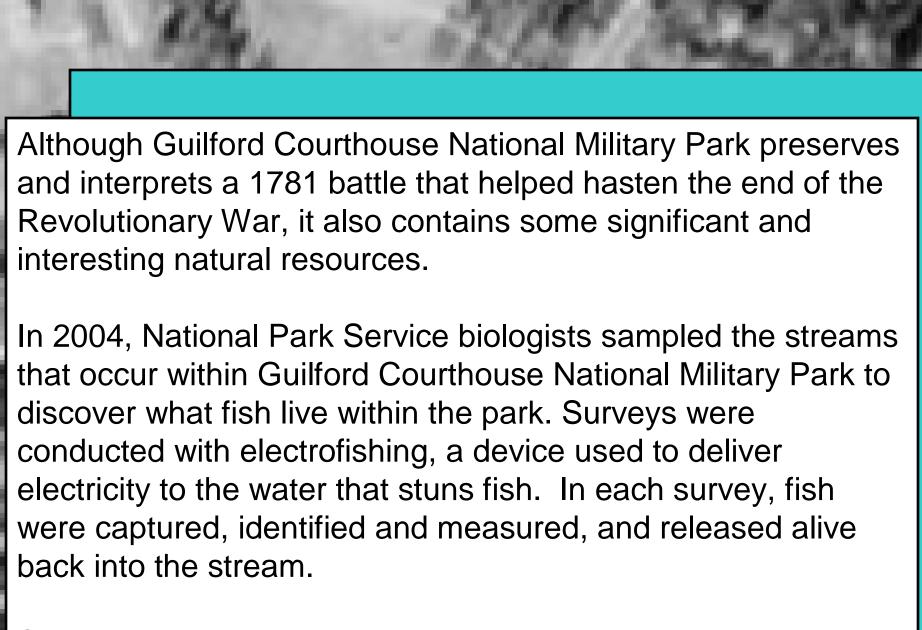
some of the biggest found

anywhere.

species in small streams, were

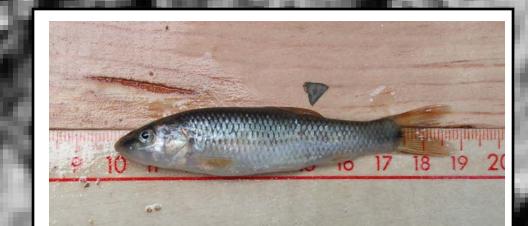
found throughout the park. In one location, individuals up to





Surprisingly, given the small size of the streams and the fact that one even goes underground for several hundred feet, the biologists were able to collect and identify a total of 14 different fish species. The most abundant species were creek chubs (Semotilis atromaculatus), bluehead chubs (Nocomis leptocephalus), and bluegill sunfish (Lepomis macrochirus).

The creek chubs found within the park were some of the largest ever seen by the biologists; some were as large as a small bass. A few largemouth bass (*Micropterus salmoides*) were captured, but only one was larger than about 6 inches. Rosyside dace (*Clinostomus funduloides*) was one of the most interesting species found.



Another of the more common, and plain looking fish, was the bluehead chub. This species, like the creek chub, regularly live in small, headwater streams, and can tolerate a wide range of conditions.



Inarguably the most colorful fish species collected in the park, the rosyside dace is characterized by vivid red coloration and a large mouth; much larger than most other minnows.

rapher: Noel Burkhead; Image ID#: 136

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Photographer: Noel Burkhead

Image ID#: 118

Location: Coal Creek, Carroll Co., VA

Date: 4 June 1984

Gender: male

Life Stage: adult



The only two true game species found in the park were largemouth bass (left) and black crappie (right). Most individuals found were juveniles, not adults, with the largest bass being only 7 inches long.





© Noel Burkhead & Virginia Dept of Game and Inland Fisheries (Fishes of Virginia) Photographer: Noel Burkhead Image ID#: 86 Location: Craig River, Craig Co., VA Date: 17 May 1984 Gender: male Life Stage: adult

Several species of sunfish (from top left, clockwise: bluegill, redbreast, warmouth, and pumpkinseed) were also found in the park, mainly in Hunting Creek. The downstream location of Hunting Creek with the lakes in Greensboro County Park likely results in it having the most fish diversity in the park.



While not a fish, mussels, which are indicators of water quality, were found in the park in Hunting Creek. Threats to these species include sedimentation, which increases in streams as urban areas become more developed.



The only sucker species that was found, the creek chubsucker is another regular inhabitant of small streams. It's mouth is adapted for feeding on the bottom of the stream, hence its classification as a sucker.



The eastern mosquitofish is the only livebearer that was found during the survey. Livebearers, as their name suggests, give birth to live young rather than laying eggs. Mosquitofish, also as their name implies, have been stocked widely as a way to control mosquitoes.







lmage ID#: 80

Location: Craig Rive



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Photographer: Noel Burkhead

Image ID#: 22

Location: Twittys Creek, Charlotte Co., VA

Date: 10 July 1984

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Several species of catfish (flat bullhead, brown bullhead, and yellow bullhead) were found in the park, mainly in Hunting Creek downstream of the lakes in the Greensboro County Park. These fish are fairly tolerant of pollution.